## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 0580 MATHEMATICS

0580/43

Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2011	0580	43

## Abbreviations

cao	correct answer only
cso	correct solution only
dep	dependent
ft	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
oe	or equivalent
SC	Special Case
www	without wrong working
art	anything rounding to

soi seen or implied

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1 (a)	<ul> <li>(i) 34.65</li> <li>(ii) 41.58</li> <li>(iii) 264</li> </ul>	1 2 3	M1 for $0.15 \times 277.2$ implied by 41.6 or 41.58 seen and not spoiled M2 for $277.2 \div (1 + 0.05)$ o.e. or M1 for recognition that $105(\%) = 277.20$
(b)	(i) 1000 (ii) 3650	2 2	M1 for 2200 ÷ (2 + 4 + 5) × 5 M1 for 2200 ÷ 44 × 73
2 (a)	(i) Image at $(4, -4), (6, -4), (6, -6),$	2	SC1 for reflection in <i>y</i> -axis
	(i) Image at $(-4, -4), (-4, -6), (-6, -6), (-6, -2)$	2 <b>ft</b>	SC1 ft if rotated 90° anti-clockwise about $(0, 0)$
	(iii) Reflection y = -x	1 ft 1 ft	ft their $Z$ (name of transformation) independent (full details)
(b)	(i) Image at (2, 2), (3, 2), (3, 3), (1, 3)	2	SC1 for enlargement s.f. 0.5 with correct orientation, different centre or sf $-$ 0.5, centre (0, 0)
	(ii) $\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$ cao	2	B1 B1 each column
(c)	(i) Image at $(0, 4), (2, 4), (0, 6), (-4, 6)$	2	SC1 if 3 vertices correct
	(ii) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	2	SC1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & k \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ , $k \neq 0$ but can be algebraic or
			numeric or for $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2011	0580	43

3 (a)	$(x+5)^2 - 2x^2 = 1$ oe	M1	Equiv means equation in the three parts, allowing $(x + 5)^2$ expanded
	$(x + 5)^2 = x^2 + 10x + 25$ or $x^2 + 5x + 5x + 25$	B1	
	$x^{2} + 10x + 25 - 2x^{2} = 1$ $0 = x^{2} - 10x - 24$	E1	For final line reached without any errors or omissions after any previous line with $(x + 5)^2$ expanded
(b) (c)	12 53.1 to 53.2 www 3	3	M2 for $(x - 12)(x + 2)$ or full correct expression from formula. Allow SC1 for $(x + a)(x + b)$ and $ab = -24$ or a + b = -10 then SC1 <b>ft</b> (dependent on quadratic factors or two roots from formula) for correct selection of +ve root, if only one +ve. Answer of 12 and -2 scores M2 only M2 for $2 \times \tan^{-1}(\frac{1}{2})$ o.e. i.e. any <b>complete</b> method or M1 for tan = $\frac{1}{2}$ o.e. i.e. any correct method leading to any angle in diagram (expressions can be implicit and bod which angle is being worked out) (Implied by 26.56 to 26.57 or 26.6, 63.43 to 63.44 or 63.4, 126.8 to 126.9) 53 or 127 without working score 0
4 (a)	$(\cos(A)) = \frac{6^2 + 8^2 - 9^2}{2.6.8}$	M2	M1 for correct implicit equation with cosA
	78.58 www.4	A2	A1 for 0.1979 to 0.198 (this implies M2)
(b)	(i) 78.6	1	Allow 78.58
	(ii) $r = \frac{4.5}{\sin(78.6)}$ oe	M2	$(M1 \text{ for } \sin(78.6) = \frac{4.3}{r})$
	4.590 to 4.591 cao www 3	A1	Allow 78.58 or their angle <i>BOM</i> for M2 or M1
(c)	35.5 (35.48 to 35.57) cao www 4	4	M1 Area triangle = $0.5 \times 6 \times 8 \times \sin(78.6)$ oe Allow 78.58 (23.52) M1 Circle = $\pi \times 4.59^2$ Allow 4.590 to 4.591 (66.15 to 66.22) M1 ( <b>dependent</b> ) % = triangle / circle × 100 Dependent on first 2 M's

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2011	0580	43

5 (a)	9.11, 4.25, 2,, 2, 4.25, 9.11	3	B2 for 4 or 5 correct and B1 for 2 or 3 correct
(b)	12 points plotted Smooth curve through 12 points Two branches, neither touching <i>y</i> -axis	5	<ul> <li>P3, ft their (a), P2 for 10 or 11 points, P1 for 8 or 9.</li> <li>C1 correct shape ft their points shape same.</li> <li>Ignore anything between - 0.5 and 0.5.</li> <li>B1 independent</li> </ul>
(c)	(i) $x = 0$ (ii) tangent at -1.5 -3 to -1.8 (iii) -1.7 to -1.55, -0.7 to -0.55, 0.55 to 0.7, 1.55 to 1.7	1 T1 2 2	<b>Dependent</b> on tangent M1(also dep on T1) for attempt at rise/run or SC1 for 1.8 to 3 B1 for 1 or more correct
	(iv) $y = 2x$ drawn to meet graph twice 1 1.8 to 1.9	B1 B1 B1	
6 (a)	<ul> <li>(i) 5.8</li> <li>(ii) 4.6 to 4.65</li> <li>(iii) 2.35 to 2.5</li> <li>(iv) 172 or 171</li> </ul>	1 1 1 2	SC1 for 28 or 29
(b)	(i) 72 to 76, 38 to 42 (ii) Their correct $\Sigma f x \div 200$ (iii) $n \div 2$ <i>a</i> where <i>n a</i> are from ( <b>b</b> )(i)	2 4 2 <b>ft</b>	Must be integers. B1 either. M1 for 3 or 4 correct mid-values seen 2, 5, 6.5, 8.5 M1 for $\Sigma fx$ , <b>ft</b> their frequencies and <i>x</i> anywhere in interval, including boundaries $36 \times 2 + (72 \text{ to } 76) \times 5 + (38 \text{ to } 42) \times 6.5 + 50 \times 8.5$ M1 for $\div$ 200 or their 200 (dependent on second M1) (74, 40 give 1127 then 5.635 (or 5.64 or 5.63)) Other pairs of frequencies from ( <b>b</b> )( <b>i</b> ) must have a sum of 114 to gain the A mark. B1 either <b>ft</b> (ft their table)
	(iii) $p = 2$ , q, where p, q are from (b)(f) Histogram with two new columns of correct width Two correct heights	2ft	B1 B1 <b>ft</b> (ft their freq. densities)

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2011	0580	43

7 (a)	Correct tree diagram.	5	B1 for labels flower and not flower First pair B1 for $\frac{7}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{2}$
			B1 for next three branches after flowers B1 for clear labels for colours B1 for $\frac{2}{3}$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{12}$ in correct places If three branches at ends of both branches of first pair, lose final B, unless probabilities of 0 indicated.
(b)	$\frac{33}{40}$ o.e. (0.825) cao	3	M2 for $1 - \frac{7}{10} \times \frac{1}{4}$ (M1 for $\frac{7}{10} \times \frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{7}{10} \times (1 - \frac{1}{4})$ ) oe or M2 for $\frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{10} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{7}{10} \times \text{their } \frac{1}{12}$ or $\frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{10} \times \frac{3}{4}$ oe
(c)	7 cao	2	M1 for $120 \times \frac{7}{10} \times \text{their } \frac{1}{12}$
8 (a)	Arc centre $D$ , radius 6 cm	1	
(b)	(i) Perp bisector of <i>AB</i> , with two pairs of arcs	2	At least 3 cm from <i>AB</i> . SC1 accurate without arcs or accurate arcs (but no choice)
	(ii) Bisector of angle <i>B</i> , with arcs	2	At least 5 cm from $B$ . SC1 accurate without arcs or accurate arcs (but no choice)
(c)	<ul> <li>(i) Q at intersection of loci</li> <li>(ii) 2.7 cm to 2.9 cm cao</li> </ul>	1 1	Dependent on at least both SC1's Dependent on (c)(i)
(d)	Region inside arc, to left of perp bisector and below angle bisector	1	Dependent on at least both SC1's in (b)
9 (a)	(i) 81 (ii) 8.5	2 2	B1 for $(f(2) =)$ 7 B1 for $(f(0.5) =)$ 2.5
(b)	$\frac{x-1}{3}$ oe	2	M1 for $(x =) \frac{y-1}{3}$ or $(x =) \frac{f(x)-1}{3}$
			or $3y = x - 1$ or $3f(x) = x - 1$ or $-1$ then $\div 3$ in flow chart (must be clear)
(c)	$3x^2 + 12x + 13$ final answer	2	M1 for $3(x + 2)^2 + 1$ or better
	$2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4(1)(1)}$		
(d)	$(x =) \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^{5} - 4(1)(1)}}{2(1)}$	2	B1 for $\sqrt{3^2 - 4(1)(1)}$ or better Seen anywhere
			B1 for $p = -3$ and $r = 2(1)$ of $r$
			or $(x + \frac{3}{2})^2$ B1 then $\sqrt{\frac{9}{4} - 1}$ B1
	-2.62, - 0.38 final answer	1,1	If 0, SC1 for $-2.6$ or $-2.62$ or $-2.618$ and $-0.4(0)$ or $-0.38$ or $-0.382$ to $-0.381$ seen Answers only B1 B1

Page 6 Mark Scheme: Teachers' vers		rsion	Syllabus	Paper			
			IGCSE – May/Jur	IGCSE – May/June 2011		0580	43
10 (a)	(i) (	(a) p	$\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$	1			
	(	<b>b</b> ) -	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p}-\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{q}$ oe	2	M1 for $\overrightarrow{LC} + \overrightarrow{CM}$ o.e. can be written in terms		
					of <b>p</b> and/or <b>q</b>		
	(	(c) $\frac{2}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}\mathbf{p}+\frac{3}{4}\mathbf{q}$ oe cao	2	M1 for $\overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{DL} + \overrightarrow{LN}$ o.e can be written in terms of <b>p</b> and/or <b>q</b> ft their (i)(b)		
	(ii)	$\overrightarrow{AN}$	is a multiple of $\overrightarrow{AC}$ o.e	1	Must be vectors (dependent on answers to (a (c))		
ക	(i)	30		2	M1 for $2x + x$	$r + 15 + 75 = 180  \mathrm{o}$	r hetter
	(ii)	135		1 <b>ft</b>	ft 165 – their x but only if final answer obtuse		
11 (a)	(i)	10		1			
	(ii)	$\frac{3 \times 4}{2}$	or $\frac{3 \times (3+1)}{2}$ (= 6)	1			
	(iii)	7260		1			
	(iv)	12 84	0	2	M1 for $S_{200} - S_{\frac{80}{2}}(121 + 200)$	$S_{120} (20100 - 7260)$ o.e.	or
	(v)	160 4	00	2	M1 for $2(1+2)$	2 + 3 + + 40	00) o.e.
(b)	(i)	36, 1	00	1, 1	Ignore right-l	and column	
	(ii)	1102	5	1			
	(iii)	$\left\lceil \frac{n(n)}{n} \right\rceil$	$\left(\frac{+1}{2}\right)^2$ oe	1	isw		
	(iv) (v)	3 348 32	3 900	1 2	M1 for square or SC1 for an	e root then $\times$ 2 (105 swer 33	6)